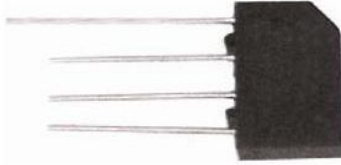
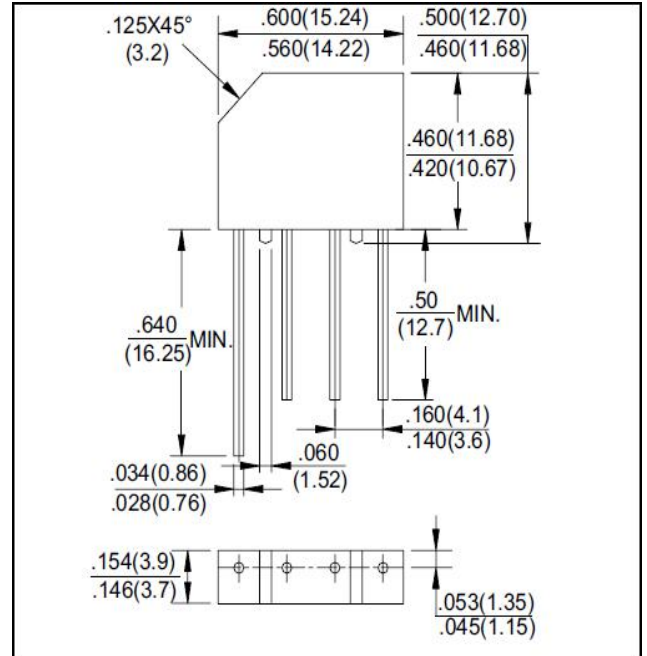


### 3.0A Single-Phase GLass Passivated Bridge Rectifiers

Recifier Reverse Voltage 50V to 1000V



#### KBP



#### Features

- Glass passivated junction
- The plastic material used carries Underwriters Laboratory flammability recognition 94V-0
- Suge overload ratings to 80 amperes peak
- Ideal for printed circuit board application
- High temperature soldering guaranteed 265°C/10

#### Mechanical Data

Case: Molded plastic  
 Terminals: Platde leads solderable per MIL-STD-750, Method 2026  
 Polarity: Polarity symbols molded or Marked on body  
 Mounting Position: Any  
 Weight: 0.07ounce, 1.95 grams (approx)

#### Maximum Ratings & Thermal Characteristics

Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified, Resistive or inductive load, 60HZ.  
 For Capacitive load derate current by 20%

Parameter	Symbol	KBP3005	KBP301	KBP302	KBP304	KBP306	KBP308	KBP310	unit
		TBP3005	TBP301	TBP302	TBP304	TBP306	TBP308	TBP310	
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	VRRM	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS bridge input voltage	VRMS	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC blocking voltage	VDC	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum average forward rectified output current at TA=40°C	IF(AV)	3.0							A
Peak forward surge current single sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	IFSM	80							A
Operating junction and stroage temperature range	TJ, TSTG	-55to+150							°C

#### Electrical Characteristics

Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified, Resistive or inductive load, 60HZ.  
 For Capacitive load derate current by 20%

Parameter	Symbol	KBP3005	KBP301	KBP302	KBP304	KBP306	KBP308	KBP310	unit
		TBP3005	TBP301	TBP302	TBP304	TBP306	TBP308	TBP310	
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage drop per leg at 2.0A	VF	1.1							V
Operating temperature range	TJ,	-55to+150							°C
Storage temperature range	TSTG	-55to+150							°C

**Rating and Characteristic Curves** (TA=25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIG.1-DERATING CURVE FOR

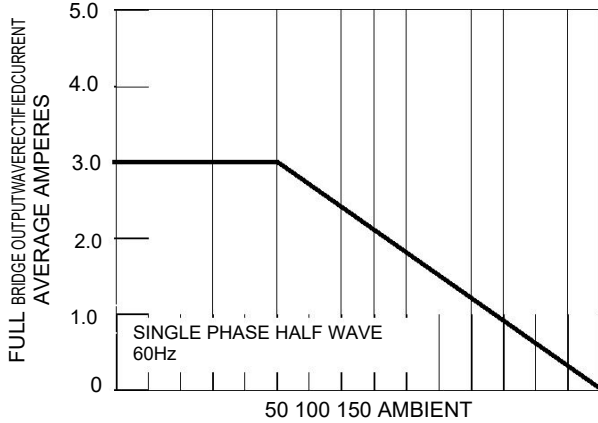


FIG.2-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

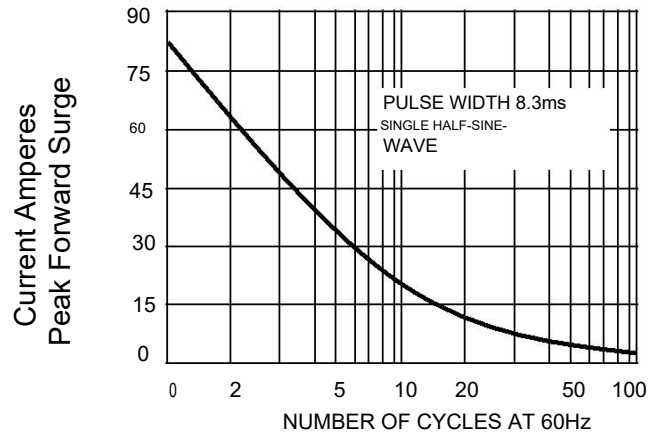


FIG.3-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

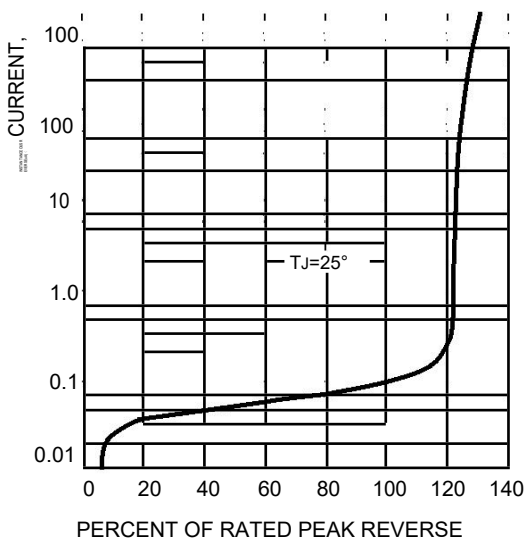


FIG.4-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

